THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1866.
THE TIMES FOUNDED 1888

. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JAPS PREPARING GENERAL ATTACK

Evidences of Resumption of Hostilities on Large Scale.

RUSSIANS BEGIN TO MOVE ON OYAMA

Attempt Made to Cross Hun River West of Liao Yang. Heavy Cannonade Almost Ceaseless-The Situation at Lodz Serious.

MUKDEN, Feb. 15 .- The Japanese be

an a heavy cannonade Tuesday afterthe Russian flank and the fire continued all through the day. It is thought the Japanese are preparing for general attack. The Russian guns are

(By Associated Press.)
TOKIO, Feb. 15-3 P. M.—The Russians begun an extensive cavalry move ment against Field Marshal Oyama's ex-

cross the Hun River west of Liao Yang with 9,000 horsemen. The operation bewest of Chitealtza. One force of cavalry stole into Laohunshi and simul ed Tacha, which is situated thirteen miles southwest of Chitaltzu and twenty-seven

Mine thousand cavalry with artillery approached the river a mile below Tacha and attempted to cross at 6 o'clock in the evening, advancing on Heikoutal (Pekowaiti). The shelling of Oyama's center continues.

JAPANESE ACTIVE.

(By Associated Press.)
RUSSIAN HIPADQUARTERS, HUAN
MOUNTAIN, MANOHURIA, Feb. 16.—
During the bombardment of Poutlioff Hill,

projectile from a slege gun entered underground hut, burst inside and tore the head of a lieuteriant, and wounded colonel and two staff captalus, who re playing cards.

In front of Koudzi, on the right flank,

In front of Koudzi, on the right flank, the Ruszians are trying to effect a concentrated slege and mortar batteries with good results, firing as many as twenty mortars simultaneously. According to the Chinese the Japanese reserve brigade, are being moved eastward, indicating the direction of the Japanese offensive when it begins. Reports from the same source say that General Nogl will command the extreme right.

extreme right.
While the nights are still cold, the days while the highs are state of a chocally are warmer and the time is approaching for ideal campaigning. Spring in Manchuria is not marked by a rainfail, The great battle which all are expecting and which may spell ruin to either army should occur within a month.

RUSSIAN SQUABBLE.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, Feb. 15.—French special correpondents sent to meet the French
teamer Australien having on board Genstroated and others of the survivors rt Arthur forward detailed accounts scord among the Russian officers army officers are particularly hos-o the fleet habitually calling it the

Lockinsky cited many instances of the Lockinsky cited many instances of the inpreparedness of the land and naval defenses, frequent conflicts of authority and demoralization during critical engagements. Substantially the same account is given by four French newspapers, which deporte General Stoessel and Admiral Lockinsky as refusing to speak to or salute each other.

The papers say the discord among the officers foreshadows grave scenes before the court-martial.

Entire Family Found Dead Yesterday in House in Cleveland.

SITUATION SERIOUS.

Cleveland.

(By Associated Press.)

LODZ, Feb. 15.—The situation here is becoming more serious. Fower men were working to-day. There is much suffering among the families of strikers. The director of the thrend mills, at his own expense, is daily giving dinner to the workmen's children, of whom 250 were present to-day. The Governor himself admits that the conditions are very grave. He is and the conditions are very grave. He is and the conditions are very grave. He is and incomplete to refer in from exciting the animosity of the strikers, and not to shoot unless first attacked. The Governor foars that it will be necessary finally to proclaim martial law, and this probably will ond the strike, but it may cost many lives.

The manufacturers are hesitating and marble to seed. The situation appears to be most grave, and unless the deadlock is slority broken the outlook for settlement is extremely discouraging.

British Steamers Captured.

British Steamers Captured.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, Feb. 15.—The British steamers
Apollo and Scotsman, bound for Viadiyostok, were captured off Hakkaido yerforday. The Apollo was from Cardiff,
with coal, and the Scotsman had a cargo
of provisions on board, which, according
to her papers, was consigned to Yokosuka.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—(Villam Cullen
Bryant, the publisher of the Newspaper
Publishers' Association, died to day at a
with coal, and the Scotsman had a cargo
of provisions on board, which, according
suffered a stroke of apoplexy this mornto her papers, was consigned to Yokosuka.

WHOLE NUMBER 16,769.

GOULDS SUED IN

NEW YORK COURT

Plaintiff Asks for Restoration of

\$10,000,000 Stock and \$6,000,-

000 Bond of Company.

Alleged That Defendants Ob

tained Bonds for 25 Per Cent.

of Their Face Value.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) NEW YORK, Feb. J5.—Frank J. Gould

and his sister, Helen Miller Gould are

being sued in the Supreme Court by

Thomas O'Connor, of Waterford, N. Y.,

to compel the restoration of more than \$10,000,000 of stock of the Virginia Pas-

50,000,000 of stock of the Virginia Pas-senger and Power Company, and \$5,000,000 of its bonds. These, it is alleged, were acquired by Mr. Gould and his asser for an insignificant consideration, With Mr. and Miss Gould the Virginia Passenger and Power Company and the Atlantic Development Company are named as de-

Helen Gould. O'Conner avers that December, 1902, the Goulds obtained ce trol of the two corporations, and the thereafter they abrogated contracts

his own believed to the stocks and bonds be restored to the Virginia Company, and that the agreements made between it and the Development Company be carried out. The decision of the court was reserved.

HARPER EXAMINED.

Effort to Show That He Is Worth Millions.

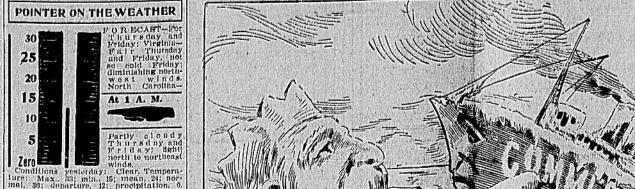
DEFECTIVE GAS FLUE

Cleveland.

DEAD IN SANITARIUM

DECISION RENDERED

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1905.



IN THE GRIP OF THE ICE KING

CITIZENS SPEAK FOR FREE BRIDGE

Representative Business Men Urge Committee to Act Speedily and Favorably.

COMES UP MONDAY NIGHT

Resolutions Offered Looking to . Tangible Results-Will Likely be Built.

It begins to look as if Richmond is t nave shortly an up-to-date free bridge on the site of the present Mayo's Bridge onnecting the city with Manchester, interest having been revived in the ques councilmante circles.

trong pleas from business men, about fifty of whom were present to urge the scheme, and next Monday night was set as the time for giving the matter further consideration.

A resolution was submitted by Mr meeting, providing that Richmond co of the present site of Mayo's Bridge if t can be gotten at a satisfactory price and if not instructing the City Attorney to proceed to secure the property by condemnation.

Mr. Mills offered one, which also went over, providing that the question of acquiring Mayo's Island also be inquired in the control of the

into.

The sentiment in the committee and in the Council as well seems to favor the bridge, and there is no question that it is carnestly desired by the business com-

Given One Hour.

On motion of Mrs. Mills, one hour was allotted to citizens for the presentation of the question, and Mr. Reynolds created great laughter by jocularly remarking, "or so much thereof as may be necessary." miral Alexieff and others.

The Matin quotes Lockinsky as characterizing Vice-Admiral Stark and Rear-Admiral Withoeft as "bed chamber admirals not acquainted with their duits and seasick whenever affont." The admiral not acquainted with their duits and seasick whenever affont." The admiral not acquainted with their duits and seasick whenever affont." The admiral noted that Vice-Admiral Skrydoff prudently established himself ashore at Viadivostok, notwithstanding his opportunity to break the ineffective blockade of Port Arthur.

Lockinsky declared he would denounce Stossel, Skrydloff and Alexieff before the court-martial, as he did not intend to let himself be made a scapegoat like Rear-Admiral Ouktomsky, "who now trembles with fear in a Chinese hospital."

searching examination by New York and Charles W, Baker, as Clin.

Cherron and C

Is Badly Needed.

'Mr. Woodward then went into the necessity for a new bridge and he argued that the one at Ninth Street was old and narrow, and not in the proper place. He said Fourteenth Street was the direct and logical line from Richmond to Manchester, and vice versa, and the bridge there now was not only old and alleged to be unsafe, but that it was not a free

one.
Here Mr. Woodward read a number of letters from the mayors of various cities, declaring that soil bridges in their communities had become things of the past. He thought it was a reflection on the city not to take hold of the proposition and build the bridge with all reasonable speed.

Other Strong Speeches.

Other Strong Speeches.

Mr. John C. Freeman representing the Chamber of Commerce, spoke carnestly, but briefly, for the bridge. Mr. Freeman spoke in favor of a free bridge in order to afford the laboring copies a free avonue to and from Manchester, and then the declared that the business people should have as free access to Manchester, as to Church Hill or West Broad Street. Mr. Freeman closed by urging that the committee act promptly on the matter and give the people of Richmond the relief they deserve. Mr. Joseph Wallerstein followed, and he said if nothing cles could be accomplished a schedule of fifty minutes, could be arranged, between Richmond and Petersburg. Chesterfleid farmers brought their products here and in turn purchased their supplies, and this was an item worthy of the best consideration of the committee. Figured speedy action.

Major L. T. Christian Speaks.

Major L. T. Christian carnestly urged becommittee to act favorably, and he

Major T. T. Christian carnestly urged the committee to act favorably, and he declared that it was unsafe and dangerous to arive over the free bridge. He said it would pay the city to purchase the old bridge sutright, paying the entire \$17,000. He was sure the people would endorse this course, and he urged it with much force.

force. Mr. I., C. Younger thought the bridge should be built, and he said it was not the (Continued on Second Page.)

GENERAL LEW WALLACE DEAD

Author, Calm to End. Passes Away.

Was Veteran of Mexican and Attacked Sleeping Comrade and Civil Wars-Once Minister to Turkey.

(By Associated Press.) CRAWFORDSVILLE, IND., Feb. 15. General Lew Wallace, author, forme American minister to Turkey and vet-eran of the Mexican and Civil Wars, died at his home in this city to-night, aged seventy-eight years.

The health of General Wallace has been aning for several years, and for months it had been generally known that his vigorous constitution clid not much longer withstand the revoges of a wast-

For more than a year he has been unable properly to assimilate food, and his, together with his extreme age, made more difficult his fight against death. At no time has he ever confessed his belief that the end was near, and his

belief that the end was near, and his rugged constitution and remarkable vitality have been responsible for prolonging his life.

Besides his physicians only Mrs. Wallace, his son, Henry Wallace, of Indianapolis, and his wife were present. When told by his physicians that he was dying, General Wallace was perfectly caim, and his last words were expressions of oheer to his grief-stricken family. Bidding them farewell, he sald: "I am ready to meet my Maker," and lapsed into unconsclousness, from which he did not recover. No definite arrangements for the funeral have been made.

Lewis Wallace, known to the public us General Low Wallace, was born at Brookville, Franklin county, Ind., April 0, 1827. He studied law, but at the bediana, and soon after colonel of the displayed in leading a division at Fort Donelson, he was made major-general of volunteers on March 21, 1882. He participated in the second day's fight at Shiloh, and in the advance on Corinth, and was president of the court of inquiry regarding Don Carlos Buell in November, 1882. In 1883 he prepared the Cincinnati defenses, and later was made commander of the Eighth Army Corps, with headquarters at Baltimore, At the battle of the Monocacy on July 9, 1864, he was defeated, but managed to held on until Wright, with reinforcements could reach Washington before Early. In 1895 General Wallace resumed the practice of law. In 1875-'81 he was Governor of New Moxico, and in 1881-'85 was Minister to Turkey.

Turkey.
It is as a writer that General Wallace
It is as a writer that General Wallace. His It is as a writer that General Wallace is best known to the public at large. His most widely known book is "Ben Hur; a Tale of the Christ," a religious story published in 1890. His other published works are "The Fur God" (1873), "Life of Benjamin Harrison" (1888), and "The Prince of India", (1833).

MAJORITY OF STOCK HAS BEEN DEPOSITED

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The period of depositing stock of the Senbourd Air Liue Railway under the Blair-Ryan plan of reorganization, expired to-day, and it was officially stated that a majority of the stock had been deposited.

21 WANT HELP TO-DAY.

The 21 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows: 6 Trades.

2 Agents.

2 Salesmen, This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to in-prove their positions as well.

6 Miscellaneous.

AFTER AUTOPSY

After Long Illness Famous Richmonder Not Responsible for Tragic Death of Drummer in Providence, R. I.

NEARLY EIGHTY YEARS OF AGE MAN LEAPT THROUGH WINDOW

Then Plunged Five Stories to Death.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 15.—After savagely assaulting John C. Conrad, remond, Va., a native of Danville, Va., and now a traveling salesman in the employ New York, in his room at the Hotel Ferrin, to which he had invited him as Kipbin, of Detroit, Mich., a drummer for the Williams Typewriter Company, of window of the hotel at 1:45 this morning and was dashed to death in the frozer street below.

Conrad was taken into custody by the police pending the result of their investigation, but after the autopsy on Mc-Kibbin's body, was released early towhere he would. The verdict of the authorities is that McKibbin alone was

Attacked While Asleep.

The two young men met as utter strangers in a saloon late last night. They fraternized over the bar, McKibbin drink-ing whiskey, Conrad only light stuff. The latter, whose speech proclaims him at once a southerner, found that his coas the place closed at midnight, he invited

suddenly awakened by the night clerk, we found the window shattered, blood spatters on the jagged glass, and the man gone. Just then, a woman's scream startled us, and looking out we saw the young man lying un-conscious in the street and several bend-

out we saw the young man lying unconscious in the street and several bending over him.

"Several traveling salesmen told the police to-day that Alokibbin had claimed to be engased to a wealthy young woman in Charlotte, N. C., who had sent him a number of good sized checks within a number of good sized checks within a number who is a professor in Ceell College, Kentucky.

Charles P. Rice, the only man who knows Conrad in this city, says that he is an orphan and formerly lived with his uncie. Charles L. Holland, on Holbrook Street, Danville, Va. Papers among his offeets were addressed to No. 919 Floyd Street, Richmond, Va.

Well Known in Danville.

Well Known in Danville.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
DANVILLE, VA. Feb. 15.—The news of
the detention of Mr. John Holland Conrad in Providence, R. I., in connection
with the death of McKibben, was received
with considerable interest here, where
young Conrad was bern and reared. Mr.
Conrad is the nephew of Mr. Charles I.
Holland, one of the owners of the banking establishment of Johnson and Cheek,
at which place he was for years employed, but recently resigned to accept
a position as traveling salesman for the
Parker Tobacco Company.

The Danville man, whose name is used
in connection with the Providence affair
is a brother-in-law of Mr. W. G. Catlin,
who met a traylic death by drowning a
short time ago near Georgatown, S. C.
Mr. Conrad is held in high esteem in
Danville. Mr. Holland has received no
information, other than the press accounts of the affair.

STANDARD OIL NOW UNDER FIRE

House Adopts Resolution Big Fight in Equitable Calling for Investigation.

KANSAS WILL HAVE ITS OWN REFINERY

State Enters Field in Competition With Trust-Inquiry Will be Sweeping and May End in the Courts. What Campbell Says.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Fob. 15.-No nore remarkable illustration of the won change of sentiment which has taken place in Congress towards trusts and corporations could be furnished than was give nto-day, when the House of

The Resolution.

The Resolution.

The investigation is to be of the most sweeping character, and will follow the lines pursued in probing into the affairs of the Beef Trust. The latter ended a few weeks age in the Supreme Court of the United States, when a unanimous and sweeping decision was recorded against the Trust. The resolution to-day was proposed by Representative Campbell, of Kansas. It leaves little ground analyse of the state of the stat uncovered as a reading will show. It is as

uncovered as a reading will show, it is a follows:

"Resolved, That the Secretary of Commerce and Labor be, and he is hereby, requested to investigate the cause or causes of the low price of cause or causes of the low price of crude oil or petroleum in the United States and especially in the Kansas field and the unusually large margins between the price of crude oil or pe-troleum and the selling price of re-fined oil and its by-products, and whether the said conditions have re-sulted in whole or in part from any in restraint of trade and commerce among the several States and Territories or with foreign countries; also whether the said prices have been controlled, in whole er in wart by any corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several States and Territories or with foreign nations; also whether such corporations, joint stock company or corporate comthe business of such corporation or corporations, company or companies and
corporate combinations, if any, and to
make early report of its findings, according to law to the end that such
information may be used by Congress
as a basis for legislation or by the
Department of Justice as a basis for
legal proceedings."
While the resolution makes the invest
protein apply especially to Kansas, it is

lesigned that it shall apply to the opera-Will Probe to Bottom.

standard Oil under the guiss of a Study of the petroleum industry. He has so informed Representative Campbell, Mr. Campbell, however, feels that it will do no harm to have the department assured that it has the support of Con-

Mr. Campbell says that the Standard Oil Company has rulned the oil producers of Kansas. It put up freight rates through the power of its tank cars, he says; made itself the sole purchaser of the oil; put down the price, and so shaped

(Continued on Second Page.)

WHITE WANTS INQUIRY INTO BOODLING CHARGE

Senate Returns Message With Instructions to Make It More Comprehensive.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 15.—Another legislative investigation will be opened in the West Virginia Legislature as a result of a special message sent by Governor White to the State Senate today. He refers to a newspaper article accusing the Legislature of boodling in connection with liquor and medical legislation, and asks for an investigation of the charges, The message reads in part as follows:

"In a communication received by me from a reputable physician of Parkersburg recently, the following statement is made:

ing establishment of Johnson and Cheek at which place he was for years employed, but recently resisted to accept a position as traveling salesman for the Parker Tobacco Company.

The Danville man, whose name is used in connection with the Providence affair is a brother-in-law of Mr. W. G. Callin, who met a traisic death by drowning a short time age near Georgetown, S. C. Mr. Conrad is held in high esteem in Danville. Mr. Holland has received no information, other than the press accounts of the affair.

HARLAN NOMINATED

FOR MAYOR OF CHICAGO

(By Associated Press.):

(HICAGO, Feb. 15.—John Maynard Harlan was unanimously nominated for Mayor of Chicago to-day by the Repuillenn City Convention. Mr. Harlan, who is a lawyer, is a son of John M. Harlan, associate instice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

HYDE READY FOR PITCHED BATTLE

Board Will Occur To-Day.

BOTH SIDES NOW CLAIMING VICTORY

First Vice-President Will Probably be Attacked With Bitterness by Alexander and His Followers-History of Trouble Just Cropping Out.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—In battle array and each determined to establish his supremacy, James H. Hyde and James W Alexander will come together to-morrow board of directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, when it is hoped to decide whether Hyde, representing a majority of the society's enpital stock, is to be forced from his possession as first

vice-president. Mutualization of the Equitable is no bone of contention, but both sides are by no means agreed as just how the mu-tual basis is to be effected. Mr. Hyde's side is not willing that Mr. Alexander and his Executive Committee shall be the oustodian of policyholders' proxies, and by that means control the Equitable.

Hyde Confident.

Mr. Hyde realizes that he is to be personally attacked with bitterness by his autogonists at to-morrow's meeting, and hat the votes of Mr. Alexander's fol-

hand, and that he would be re-electate the first vice-presidency by a sat majority. Of the forty-four director who are expected and relied upon to be present, thirty-one, it was said, would leave Alexander forces only bhirteen votes, but riends of Mr. Alexander, who made up lies of those who are expected to stably the Equitables present, were which to credit Mr. Hyde with only sixes votes, and held that many of the director whom the opponents of Mr. Alexander to boking for support will cause disappointment when the ballots are counted.

Offer Was Refused.

To demonstrate that he had no de-sire to control the affairs of the Equit-able, notwithstanding he and his family own 510 shares of the 1,000 shares of the stock, it became known yesterday that at the director's meeting a week ago, Mr. Hyde offored to place the 510 shares in the keeping of the directors for a

suggested to James J. Hin the the Hyd that together they purchase the Hyd that together they purchase the Hyd that Ar. Hill would not er stock, and that Mr. Hill would not er

The Petition.

At the meeting to-day, two petitions will be presented to the board, each signed by thirty-nine officers of the society, including the president and atwo of the four vice-presidents, one petition asking that the control of the society be-taken from the stockholders and given to policy-be-taken from the stockholders and given that the re-election of James H. Hyde, who is the cowner of 51 per cent of the stock as first vice-president, would be prejudicial to the welfare and progress of the society. The last petition follows:

To the Board of Directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States:

"Referring to the petition dated February 2, 1906, urging that the policy holders be given a voice in the management of the affairs of the society and the conservation of its funds, we deem it proper to state that a copy of such petition was furnished to Mr. Hyde on the 3d instant, as the representative and owner of a majority of the capital stock of the society.

"We also deem it proper to add that in our opinion, after the most careful and anxious consideration of the subject, the re-election of Mr. Hyde as vice-president and anxious consideration of the subject, the resistent, with all the powers he has exercised would be most prejudicial to the welfare and progress of the society, to create misgivings as to the conservation for the society, to create misgivings as to the conservation for the benefit of our policy holders. Respectfully submitted, New York, Feb. 7, 1905.

"Gismanagement, and to injure its husiness as an institution which has been uniformly held out to the public as conduce desolely on the mutual benefit plan for the benefit and protection of its policy holders.

Respectfully submitted,

solely on the mutual beneft plan for the beneft and protection of its policy holders.

Respectfully submitted,
Now York, Feb. 7, 1905,
'(Slened) James W. Alexander, president; Gage E. Tarbell, second vice-president; George T. Wilson, third vice-president; William Alexander, secretary; J. O. Van Clas. actuary; T. D. Jordan, controller; R. G. Haan, associate actuary; M. Murray, casher; Francis W. Jackson, auditor; J. C. Roquet, secretary general for Europe; A. A. Springmeyer, assistant to third vice-president; W. E. Taylor, Robert J. Mix and H. H. Knowles, superintendents of agencies; S. C. Bolling, superintendent of agencies; W. Nelson Edelsten, superintendent agency bureau; S. S. McCurdy, assistant registrar, Gerald R. Brown, superintendent bond and mort gage department. E. Van Riper, O. W. A. A. Springmeyer, assistant medical director; John Warren, assistant medical director; John Warren, assistant medical director; Thomas H. Rockwell, assistant medical director; Thomas H. Rockwell, assistant medical director; H. R. Coursen, assistant different assistant medical director; H. R. Coursen, assistant medical director; H. R. Cour